

## SPDT

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SPDT PART NUMBER SELECTION GUIDE*


Example of P/N: R570F12010 is a SPDT SMA 26.5 GHz , failsafe, 12 Vdc , without TTL, with positive common, solder pins.
*For part number creation and available options, see detailed part number selection for each series.

SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities
SURFACE MOUNT TECHNOLOGY

Patent pending


Actual Size


Typical Outline Drawing
(All dimensions in mm)


PART NUMBER SELECTION

An innovative and original "micro-mechanical" design of the R596 SMT micro-relay offers, excellent RF performance, reliability, and repeatability. The miniature size, and low installation cost make these coaxial switches an ideal solution.
Very low return loss and insertion loss allow this relay to be used in power applications, as well as in typical SMT relay applications such as RF attenuators, RF matrices, spectrum analysers, and telecommunications.
Failsafe models are offered in two RF configurations (direct and inverted). The association of these two products on the same PC board enables the product to perform the bypass function. (For bypass mounting, further information is available on page 2-8).

Example of P/N:
R596813100 is a SPDT SMT $8 \mathrm{GHz}, 24 \mathrm{Vdc}$, failsafe, standard packaging.


## Actuator Voltage:

2: 12 Vdc
3: 24 Vdc
(1): To be associated with a failsafe model, so as to achieve the "BYPASS" function (see application details on page 2-8)
(2): Non standard packaging symbols (2, 5, 9 or $T$ ) are not marked on the relay
(3): See details about test fixture dimensions on page 2-4
(4): Tape delivered without reel, available for all specific quantities up to 200 pieces

## SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities

## SLIM LINE GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Operating mode |  |  | Failsafe (types 1 and 9) |  | Latching (type 3) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal operatin lacross temperat | oltage <br> range) | Vdc | $\begin{gathered} 12 \\ (10.2 \text { to } 13) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ (20.5 \text { to } 30) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12 \\ (10.2 \text { to } 13) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ (20.5 \text { to } 30) \end{gathered}$ |
| Coil resistance at | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(+/-10 \%)$ | $\Omega$ | 330 | 1130 | 205 | 865 |
| Operating current | $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | mA | 36 | 25 | 58 | 32 |
| RF and command ports |  |  | 1/2 hole gold plated, Infrared reflow, forced air oven or hand soldering (Compatible with lead free soldering processes) |  |  |  |
| Switching time at Making co <br> nominal voltage Breaking |  |  | Max 4ms (typical 1.8ms), including contact bounce time Max 1 ms (typical 0.5 ms ) |  |  |  |
| Life <br> - Cold switching (max 120 cycles/min) <br> - Hot switching (max 20 cycles/min) |  |  | 2 million cycles <br> 500.000 cycles (1W, impedance 50@, V.S.W.R. < 1.25) |  |  |  |
| Insulation |  |  | Dielectric test voltage |  | 300 Vrms |  |
|  |  |  | Insulation resistance at 500 Vdc |  | > 100 MOhms |  |
| Environmental protection |  |  | Lead free construction - Waterproof (acc. To IEC 60529 / IP67) |  |  |  |
| Mass |  |  | $<2 \mathrm{~g}$ |  |  |  |
| Operating temperature range (with no icing nor condensation) |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25 to +85 (5) |  | -40 to +85 |  |
| Storage temperature range ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | - 55 to +85 |  |  |  |
| Sine vibration (MIL STD 202, Method 204D) |  |  | - Condition D: 10-2000 Hz, 20g |  | operating |  |
|  |  |  | - Condition G: $10-2000 \mathrm{~Hz}, 30 \mathrm{~g}$ |  | non operating |  |
| Random vibration (MIL STD 202, Method 214A, Profile I) |  |  | - Condition F: 50-2000 Hz, 20.71g |  | operating |  |
|  |  |  | - Condition H: $50-2000 \mathrm{~Hz}, 29.28 \mathrm{~g}$ |  | non operating |  |
| Shocks (According to MIL STD 202, Method 213B, Cond. C) |  |  | $100 \mathrm{~g} / 6 \mathrm{~ms}, 1 / 2$ sine |  | operating |  |

(5): Failsafe models may be used down to $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, but if coil remains permanently supplied at nominal voltage, the holding current value must be reduced from $45 \%$ to $55 \%$ to avoid internal condensation. (for more details, see Radiall application note AN-R596-51 on page 2-10).

## PIN IDENTIFICATION (TOP VIEW)



Failsafe model
(Type 1)

| Voltage | RF continuity |
| :---: | :---: |
| De-energized | $C<-->1(N C)$ |
| Energized | $C<-->2(N O)$ |



Inverted failsafe model for Bypass application (Type 9)

| Voltage | RF continuity |
| :---: | :---: |
| De-energized | $\mathrm{C}<-->1(\mathrm{NC})$ |
| Energized | $\mathrm{C}<-->2(\mathrm{NO})$ |



Latching model (Type 3)

| Voltage | RF continuity |
| :---: | :---: |
| $-1+1$ | $\mathrm{C}<-->1$ |
| $-2+2$ | $\mathrm{C}<-->2$ |

SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities
SLIM LINE PERFORMANCE (S PARAMETERS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST)

| Frequency range GHz |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V.S.W.R. } \\ & \text { (max) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Insertion } \\ & \quad \text { loss } \\ & (\max ) \mathrm{dB} \end{aligned}$ | Isolation (min) dB |  | Average power W (see page 2-5) |  | Third order Inter modulation | Impedance$\Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | switch <br> alone |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { switch } \\ & \text { + board } \\ & \text { layout (6) } \end{aligned}$ | cold switching | hot switching |  |  |
|  | DC-1 |  | 1.10 | 0.10 | 50 | 50 | 400 | 50 | $-120 \mathrm{dBc}$ <br> typical | 50 |
|  | 1-2 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 45 | 40 | 280 | 50 |  |  |  |
| DC-8 | 2-3 | 1.35 | 0.30 | 40 | 30 | 175 | 40 |  |  |  |
|  | 3-6 | 1.35 | 0.40 | 35 | 30 | 50 | 25 | (2 carriers |  |  |
|  | 6-8 | 1.40 | 0.80 | 30 | 30 | 35 | 5 |  |  |  |

(6): taking account of the reduction of isolation due to coupling between PCB microstrip lines (see isolation dotted curve above and measurement method below)

## TYPICAL RF PERFORMANCES

Insertion Loss and Isolation

V.S.W.R


## MEASUREMENT METHOD

Relay soldered on text fixture (7)



Calibration board


Inputs/Outputs of the calibration board and test fixture are equipped with SMA type receptacle connectors (Radiall part number R125 510 000). The length of the RF tracks is the same on the calibration board and the test fixture circuits. The insertion loss of the relay itself is calculated by subtracting the insertion loss of the "calibration board" to the insertion loss of the "relay welded on the test fixture".
(7): Relay soldered on Test Fixture is available. To order, please use the suffix "T" (part number R596---- T), as explained in page 2-2.

## SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities

## RF POWER RATING FOR COLD SWITCHING USE

(Impedance 50 Ohms, V.S.W.R. < 1.25)
Power level depends on environmental conditions:

- R596 series have been designed to be used without a cooling fan even for high power applications. However, the power capability may be still improved by using the appropriate cooling fan.
- For failsafe models used with coil permanently supplied (N/O position), the same power level as latching models may be applied: see on application note $\mathrm{N}^{\circ}$ AN-R596-51 on page 2-10, how to implement a "low holding current" function on your PC board, to avoid internal overheating and increase the RF power level.



## LIFE DERATING CURVE FOR HOT SWITCHING USE

(Impedance 50 Ohms, V.S.W.R. < 1.25) General Specifications

Impedance $50 \Omega$
V.S.W.R. < 1.25
max switching frequency:
30 cycles per mn


SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities

## RELAY PACKAGING

According to IEC 286-3 standard

## Materials:

Reel: polyester
Carrier tape: antistatic PETG (polyester) Cover tape: polyester


Video shadow of the relay


Aspiration Aera


## SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities

## PC BOARD MOUNTING

Board layout
DXF or Gerber format file available upon request (8)


Subtrate types
Recommended substrates are ROGERS RO4003 or ARLON 25N

- Mounting face: Thickness 0.813 mm Cu double side $17.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. Width of track 1.83 mm

Others substrates: R04350, thickness 0.813 mm Cu double side $17.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. Width of track 1.80 mm 25FR, thickness 0.813 mm Cu double side $17.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. Width of track 1.76 mm

- Opposite face: Plating all over the face

Total thickness of the tracks (copper over thickness + plating): $40 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
Other substrates may be used (for instance standard FR4), if provided with adequate modification of the tracks width.
Soldering Pattern
Varnish Pattern


Please contact your local sales representative for additional information

SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities

## BYPASS APPLICATION

Failsafe Micro-relay typical implantation


SPDT relays (Single Pole Double Throw) can be used to achieve a bypass switch function. For SMT applications, R596 series, relays are available in two failsafe versions, standard and inverted, to provide symmetric RF ports implantation possibility. The "side by side" implementation of these two versions on a PCB effectively produces the bypass function. The package size is reduced and interconnecting tracks are shortened. Required in order to protect the receiver for transmit/receive applications. Depending on the distance between the two relays, this configuration can achieve high isolation levels, up to 80 dB @ 1GHz, 70 dB @ 2 GHz , and 60 dB @ 6GHz.

## BYPASS TYPICAL IMPLANTATION \& PIN IDENTIFICATION

(Top View)


## BYPASS PC BOARD MOUNTING

Example of Board layout for bypass application

(See detailed board layout on page 2-7)

## SMT Power Micro SPDT with 10 GHz Capabilities RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PROCEDURE

A-Soldering procedure using automatic
pick and place equipment

## 1-Solder paste

R596 series are Lead free. Lead free Sn-Ag3.5-Cu0.7 solder cream may be used as well as standard Sn63-Pb35- Ag2. Radiall recommends using a no clean - low residue solder cream ( $5 \%$ solid residue of flux quantity) that will permit the elimination of the cleaning operation step after soldering.
Note: Due to the gold plating of the switch PCB interface, it is important to use a paste made with silver. This will help in avoiding formation of intermetallics as part of the solder joint.

## 2-Solder paste deposition

Solder cream may be applied on the board with screen printing or dispenser technologies. For either method, the solder paste must be coated to appropriate thickness and shapes to achieve good solder wetting. Please verify that the edges of the zone are clean and without contamination and that the PCB zoned areas have not oxidized. The design of the mounting pads and the stenciling area are given on page 2-7, for a thickness of the silk-screen printing of $0.15 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.006{ }^{\prime \prime}\right)$.

## 3-Placement of the component

For small lightweight components such as chip components, a self-alignment effect can be expected if small placement errors exist. However, this effect is not as expected for relays components and they require an accurate positioning on their soldering pads, typically $+/-0.1 \mathrm{~mm}\left(+/-0.004^{\prime \prime}\right)$. Place the relay onto the PCB with automatic pick and place equipment. Various types of suction can be used. Radiall does not recommend using adhesive agents on the component or on the PCB.

## 4-Soldering: infra-red process

Please refer to the recommended temperature profile for infra-red reflow or forced air convection:



Higher temperature $\left(>260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and longer process duration would permanently damage the switches.

## 5-Cleaning procedure

On miniature relays, high frequency cleaning may cause the contacts to stick. If cleaning is needed, please avoid ultrasonic cleaning and use alcohol based cleaning solutions.


In-line cleaning process, spraying, immersion, especially under temperature, may cause a risk of degradation of internal contacts.

## 6-Quality check

Verify by visual inspection that the component is centered on the mounting pads. For solder joints, verify by visual inspection that the formation of meniscus on the pads are proper, and have a capillarity amount at least a third of the height.
B- Soldering procedure by manual operation
1-Solder paste and flux deposition
Refer to procedure A - 1
Deposit a thin layer of flux on mounting zone, and allow the flux to evaporate a few seconds before applying the solder paste, in order to avoid dilution of the paste.

## 2-Solder paste deposition

Radiall recommends depositing a small amount of solder paste on the mounting zone area by syringe. Be careful, not to apply solder paste outside of the zone area.

## 3-Placement of the component:

During manipulation, avoid contaminating the lead surfaces by contact with fingers. Place the component on the mounting zone by pressing on the top of the relay lid.

## 4-Hand soldering

Iron wattage 30 to 60 W . Tip temperature 280 to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for maximum 5 seconds to keep good RF characteristics above 3GHz. It is important to solder RF ports first, and apply pressure on the relay lid during all the soldering stage, to reduce the air gap between the PC board and the relay.

## 5-Cleaning procedure

Refer to procedure A - 5

## 6-Quality check

Verify by visual inspection that component is centred on the mounting pads. For solder joints, verify by visual inspection that the formation of meniscus on the pads are proper, and have a capillarity amount at least a third of the height.

## APPLICATION NOTE AN-R596-051

Subject: How to use failsafe R596 micro-relays over all the guaranteed temperature range, in or condensation environmental conditions.


RF and electrical characteristics are guaranteed on all failsafe R596 switches over their operating temperature range $\left(-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, and under "no icing nor condensation" conditions.
In extreme applications, with failsafe models used at low temperature, continuously in the N/O position (coil permanently supplied), N/C contact failures may occur, due to the high gradient of temperature between the coil (heated by the permanent power 500 mW ) and the RF paths. N/O contact resistance remains satisfactory, but condensation deposits ice on the open contact $N / C$, and when power is cut, the $N / C$ position is not correctly established.
Failsafe models can be continuously driven when energized from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, if the coil is not permanently supplied at nominal voltage, and heating and internal condensation is avoided. Once the relay has switched, the operating voltage must be reduced by $50 \%+/-5 \%$. This low holding voltage is possible on R596 series, as it is enough to maintain the switch in "energized" position (for instance 5.4 V to 6.6 V for a 12 V model). Furthermore it allows the user to save energy, by combining the advantages of latching and failsafe models.
This "holding current" function can be achieved by the implementation of a simple electronic drive on the command PC Board ( 1 resistor, 1 diode and 1 capacitor), for 12 V and 24 V models. A typical circuit design is shown on the schematic below. A few milliseconds after switching, the current is divided by two, and the absorbed power is divided by four (i.e. 6 V and 110 mW for a 12 V model).

To reduce the voltage by 50\%, the value of resistance $R$ must be equal to the total resistance of the switch coil:

- 12V models: 330 Ohms 1/4W
- 24V models: 1200 Ohms 1/4W

POWER SUPPLY


## R596 FAILSAFE RELAY

## Applications

## EXAMPLE OF SMT APPLICATIONS

The SMT Series offers a large range of products which can be used in many applications such as:

- Tower mount amplifiers
- Instrumentation
- Military radios
- ECM equipment
- BTS
- Radio-Links
- Repeaters

These products offer the same RF Board and soldering process as all RF components but with a reduced weight and size. They are designed to meet all market specifications.
 performance and operating frequencies from $D C$ to 50 GHz . Radiall's RAMSES concept (which provides for a life span of 10 million cycles) offers a variety of options to meet customer needs.

These switches are dedicated to all market applications including: military, instrumentation and telecommunications.
Example of $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{N}$ :
R570413100 is a SPDT SMA 18 GHz , failsafe, 28 Vdc , with TTL driver, without option, solder pins.

## PART NUMBER SELECTION


I.C.: Indicator contact - S.C.O.: Self Cut-Off
(1): Suppression diodes are already included in Self Cut-OFF \& TTL option
(2): Polarity is not relevant to application for switches with TTL driver
(3): Positive common shall be specified only with type $3,4,5 \& 6$ because failsafe switches can be used with both polarities
(6): Available only upon request
(4): The QLF tradermark (Quick Lock Formula®) standard applies to QMA and QN series and guaranties the full intermateability between suppliers using this tradermark. Using QLF certified connectors also guarantees the specified level of RF performances
(5): Connector SMA 2.9 is equivalent to "K connector®", registered trademark of Anritsu

## SPDT up to 50 GHz

Pc Board - SMA - SMA 2.9-2.4mm - QMA - SMC - SMB - mini SMB - DIN 1.6/5.6
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Operating mode |  |  | Failsafe |  | Latching |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal operating voltage (across temperature range) |  | Vdc | $\begin{gathered} 12 \\ (10.2 \text { to } 13) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 28 \\ (24 \text { to } 30) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12 \\ (10.2 \text { to } 13) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 28 \\ (24 \text { to } 30) \end{gathered}$ |
| Coil resistance at $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(+/-10 \%)$ |  | $\Omega$ | 47.5 | 275 | 58 | 350 |
| Operating current at $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | mA | 250 | 102 | 210 | 80 |
| Average power |  |  | See Power Rating Chart page 1-13 |  |  |  |
| TTL Input |  | High level | 2.2 to 5.5 Volts |  | $800 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ max 5.5 Volts |  |
|  |  | Low level | 0 to 0.8 Volts |  | $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ max 0.8 Volts |  |
| Indicator rating |  |  | $1 \mathrm{~W} / 30 \mathrm{~V} / 100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  |
| Switching time |  | ms | 10 |  |  |  |
| Life | SMA - SMA 2.9 - QMA |  | 10 million cycles |  |  |  |
|  | DIN 1.6/5.6-Pc Board |  | 5 million cycles |  |  |  |
|  | Mini SMB - SMB - SMC |  | 2.5 million cycles |  |  |  |
|  | 2.4 mm |  | 2 million cycles |  |  |  |
| Connectors |  |  | SMA - SMA 2.9 - QMA - DIN 1.6/5.6 - SMB - SMC Mini SMB - Pc Board - 2.4mm |  |  |  |
| Operating temperature range | DIN 1.6/5.6 - SMB - SMC - mini SMB - 2.4 mm |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SMA - SMA } 2.9 \text { - QMA - } \\ & \text { Pc Board } \end{aligned}$ |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Storage temperature range | DIN 1.6/5.6 - SMB - SMC - mini SMB -2.4 mm |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | SMA - SMA 2.9- QMA - <br> Pc Board |  | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Vibration (MIL STD 202, Method 204D, cond.D) |  |  | $10-2000 \mathrm{~Hz}, 20 \mathrm{~g}$ |  | Operating |  |
| Shock (MIL STD 202, Method 213B, cond.C) |  |  | $100 \mathrm{~g} / 6 \mathrm{~ms}, 1 / 2$ sine |  | Operating |  |

## RF PERFORMANCES



## See page 2-14, 2-18 and 2-19 for typical RF performances

## SPDT up to 50 GHz

Pc Board - SMA - SMA 2.9-2.4mm - QMA - SMC - SMB - mini SMB - DIN 1.6/5.6

## R570 AND R572 TYPICAL RF PERFORMANCE

Example: SPDT SMA 2.9 up to 40 GHz


Frequency (GHz)

Example: SPDT 2.4 mm up to 50 GHz
Insertion Loss and Isolation


Example: SPDT mini SMB up to 3 GHz
Insertion Loss and Isolation


Note: see page 2-18 for other connectors
V.S.W.R.

V.S.W.R.

V.S.W.R.


SPDT up to 50 GHz
Pc Board - SMA - SMA 2.9-2.4mm - QMA - SMC - SMB - mini SMB - DIN 1.6/5.6

## TYPICAL OUTLINE DRAWING

| Connectors | A max $(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| SMA | 7.4 |
| SMA 2.9 \& 2.4mm | 6.3 |
| SMB - SMC | 9.3 |
| QMA | 10.8 |
| Mini SMB | 7.5 |
| DIN 1.6/5.6 | 11.5 |
| Pc Board | 4.5 |



See page 2-27 for pin identification.

## ACCESSORIES

A printed circuit board interface connector (ordered separately) has been designed for easy mounting on terminals. For SPDT model R570 series => Radiall part number: R599 910000


Radiall's RAMSES R572 series are ideal for RF \& microwave systems where low current consumption, reduced size, high performance and high reliability are required. Other options are also available as shown on this page.

These switches are perfect for all market applications including: industrial, instrumentation, defense and telecommunications.

Example of P/N:
R572432010 is a SPDT SMA 18 GHz , latching, 12 Vdc , positive common, solder pins.

## PART NUMBER SELECTION


(1): Positive common shall be specified only with type 3 because failsafe switches can be used with both polarities
(2): Available only upon request

(3): The QLF tradermark (Quick Lock Formula $\mathbb{\circledR}$ ) standard applies to QMA and QN series and guaranties the full intermateability between suppliers using this tradermark. Using QLF certified connectors also guarantees the specified level of RF performances
(4): Connector SMA2.9 is equivalent to "K connector®", registered trademark of Anritsu

SPDT up to 50 GHz: Low Consumption \& Reduced Size
SMA - SMA 2.9-2.4mm - QMA - SMC - SMB - mini SMB - DIN 1.6/5.6

## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS



## RF PERFORMANCES

| Connectors | Frequency range GHz |  | V.S.W.R. (max) | ```Insertion loss (max) dB``` | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Isolation (min) } \\ & d B \end{aligned}$ | Impedance $\Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIN 1.6/5.6 | DC-2.5 | DC-1 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 80 | 75 |
|  |  | 1-2.5 | 1.30 | 0.30 | 70 |  |
| Mini SMB | DC-3 | DC-1 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 80 |  |
|  |  | 1-3 | 1.30 | 0.30 | 70 |  |
| SMB - SMC | DC-3 | DC - 3 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 80 | 50 |
| QMA | DC-6 | DC - 3 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 80 |  |
|  |  | 3-6 | 1.30 | 0.30 | 70 |  |
| SMA | $\begin{gathered} D C-3 \\ D C-18 \\ D C-26.5 \end{gathered}$ | DC-3 | 1.10 | 0.15 | 80 |  |
|  |  | 3-8 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 75 |  |
|  |  | 8-12.4 | 1.20 | 0.25 | 65 |  |
|  |  | 12.4-18 | 1.40 | 0.35 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 18-26.5 | 1.50 | 0.50 | 55 |  |
| SMA 2.9 | DC - 40 | DC-6 | 1.30 | 0.30 | 70 |  |
|  |  | 6-12.4 | 1.40 | 0.40 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 12.4-18 | 1.50 | 0.50 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 18-26.5 | 1.70 | 0.70 | 55 |  |
|  |  | 26.5-40 | 1.90 | 0.80 | 50 |  |
| 2.4 mm | DC-50 | DC-6 | 1.30 | 0.30 | 70 |  |
|  |  | 6-12.4 | 1.40 | 0.40 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 12.4-18 | 1.50 | 0.50 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 18-26.5 | 1.70 | 0.70 | 55 |  |
|  |  | 26.5-40 | 1.90 | 0.80 | 50 |  |
|  |  | 40-50 | 1.90 | 1.10 | 50 |  |

SPDT up to 50 GHz : Low Consumption \& Reduced Size
SMA - SMA 2.9-2.4mm - QMA - SMC - SMB - mini SMB - DIN 1.6/5.6

## R570 AND R572 TYPICAL RF PERFORMANCES

Example: SPDT SMA up to 26.5 GHz
Insertion Loss and Isolation


V.S.W.R.

V.S.W.R.


SPDT up to 50 GHz : Low Consumption \& Reduced Size
SMA - SMA 2.9-2.4mm - QMA - SMC - SMB - mini SMB - DIN 1.6/5.6
R570 AND R572 TYPICAL RF PERFORMANCES



|  | Connectors |
| :---: | :---: |
| SMA | max $(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| SMA 2.9 \& 2.4mm | 6.4 |
| SMB - SMC | 9.3 |
| QMA | 10.8 |
| Mini SMB | 7.5 |
| DIN 1.6/5.6 | 11.5 |



Radiall's RAMSES SPDT N, BNC \& TNC switches are designed for high performance in RF \& Microwave systems up to 18 GHz .
Radiall's RAMSES concept (modular concept) offers a full range of configurations. They are commonly used for applications where high power handling capability is required.
These switches are dedicated to all market applications including: defense, instrumentation and telecommunications.
Example of $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{N}$ :
R570113035 is a SPDT N 12.4 GHz, failsafe, 28 Vdc , with supression diodes, without option, D-Sub connector.

## PART NUMBER SELECTION



## SPDT up to 18 GHz

N - TNC - BNC
GENERAL SPECIFICATION

| Operating mode |  |  | Failsafe |  | Latching |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal operating voltage (across temperature range) |  | Vdc | 12 | 28 | 12 | 28 |
|  |  | (10.2 to 13) | (24 to 30) | (10.2 to 13) | (24 to 30) |
| Coil resistance at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(+/-10 \%)$ |  |  | $\Omega$ | 38 | 200 | 38 | 225 |
| Operating current at $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | mA | 320 | 140 | 320 | 125 |
| Average power |  |  | See Power Rating Chart page 1-13 |  |  |  |
| TTL input | High level |  | 2.2 to 5.5 Volts |  | $800 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ max 5.5 Volts |  |
|  | Low level |  | 0 to 0.8 Volts |  | $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ max 0.8 Volts |  |
| Switching time ms |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| Life |  |  | 2.5 million cycles |  |  |  |
| Connectors |  |  | N - TNC - BNC |  |  |  |
| Actuator terminals |  |  | Solders pins or 9 pin D-Sub connector |  |  |  |
| Operating temperature range |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Storage temperature range |  |  | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Vibration (MIL STD 202, Method 204D, cond.D) |  |  | $10-2000 \mathrm{~Hz}, 20 \mathrm{~g}$ |  | Operating |  |
| Shock (MIL STD 202, Method 213B, cond.C) |  |  | $100 \mathrm{~g}, 6 \mathrm{~ms}, 1 / 2$ sine |  | Non operating |  |

## RF PERFORMANCES

| Connectors | Frequency Range GHz |  | V.S.W.R. <br> (max) | ```Insertion Loss (max) dB``` | $\underset{d B}{\text { Isolation (min) }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Impedance } \\ \Omega \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N / TNC | $\begin{gathered} D C-3 \\ D C-12.4 \end{gathered}$ | DC-1 | 1.15 | 0.15 | 85 | 50 |
|  |  | 1-2 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 80 |  |
|  |  | 2-3 | 1.25 | 0.25 | 75 |  |
|  |  | 3-8 | 1.35 | 0.35 | 70 |  |
|  |  | 8-12.4 | 1.50 | 0.50 | 60 |  |
| TNC 18GHz | DC - 18 | DC-6 | 1.30 | 0.30 | 70 |  |
|  |  | 6-12.4 | 1.50 | 0.50 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 12.4-18 | 1.60 | 0.70 | 60 |  |
| BNC | DC-3 | DC-1 | 1.15 | 0.15 | 85 |  |
|  |  | 1-2 | 1.20 | 0.20 | 80 |  |
|  |  | 2-3 | 1.25 | 0.25 | 75 |  |

## SPDT up to 18 GHz

N - TNC - BNC

## R570 TYPICAL RF PERFORMANCES

Example: SPDT N and TNC up to 12.4 GHz
Insertion Loss and Isolation


Example: SPDT TNC up to 18 GHz
Insertion Loss and Isolation


## V.S.W.R.


V.S.W.R.


SPDT up to 18 GHz
N - TNC - BNC

## TYPICAL OUTLINE DRAWING

Example: SPDT N and TNC up to 12.4 GHz


See page 2-27 for pin allocation


See page 2-27 for D-Sub pin allocation

| Connectors | N | TNC | BNC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A max (mm) | 18.8 | 11 | 11 |

## ACCESSORIES

A printed circuit board interface connector (ordered separately) has been designed for easy mounting on terminals. For SPDT model R570 series => Radiall part number: R599 910000


## FAILSAFE

| WITHOUT OPTION <br> R570-1-000 / R572-1-000 <br> Position Energized: | WITH INDICATOR CONTACT <br> R570-2-000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| WITH SUPPRESSION DIODES R570-1-030 <br> Position Energized: | WITH SUPPRESSION DIODES AND INDICATOR CONTACT R570-2-030 |
| WITH TTL DRIVER <br> (supression diodes are included) <br> R570-1-100 <br> Position Energized: | WITH TTL DRIVER AND INDICATOR CONTACT (supression diodes are included) <br> R570-2-100 |

## LATCHING

| WITHOUT OPTION R570-3- 000 AND R572-3- 000 | WITH INDICATOR CONTACT <br> R570-4-000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| WITH SUPPRESSION DIODES R570-3-030 | WITH SUPPRESSION DIODES AND INDICATOR CONTACT R570-4-030 |
| WITH TTL DRIVER <br> (supression diodes are included) <br> R570-3-100 | WITH TTL DRIVER AND INDICATOR CONTACT (supression diodes are included) <br> R570-4-100 |

## LATCHING



## LATCHING

WITH POSITIVE COMMON AND SUPPRESSION DIODES
R570 $-3-040$

## PIN IDENTIFICATION

| Type | PIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Failsafe | + |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Failsafe + I.C. | + |  | - |  | 2NO | 1NC | C |
| Failsafe + TTL | E |  | RTN | VCC |  |  |  |
| Failsafe + I.C. + TTL | E |  | RTN | VCC | 2NO | 1NC | C |
| Latching <br> Latching + Cut-off | $\begin{aligned} & -2 \\ & \text { or } \\ & +2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & \text { or } \\ & +1 \end{aligned}$ | $+C$ or -C |  |  |  |  |
| ```Latching + I.C. Latching + I.C. + Cut-off``` | $\begin{aligned} & -2 \\ & \text { or } \\ & +2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & \text { or } \\ & +1 \end{aligned}$ | + C or -C |  | 2 | 1 | C |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Latching + TTL } \\ \text { Latching + TTL + Cut-off } \end{gathered}$ | E2 | E1 | RTN | VCC |  |  |  |
| Latching + TTL + I.C. <br> Latching + TTL + I.C. + Cut-off | E2 | E1 | RTN | VCC | 2 | 1 | C |



## PART NUMBER SELECTION

High performance SPDT up to 40 GHz

## ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Operating temperature range | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ---: | :---: |
| Storage temperature range | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature cycling (MIL STD 202F, Method 107D, Cond.A) | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(10 \mathrm{cyc} / \mathrm{s})$ |
| Sine vibration operating (MIL STD 202, Method 204D, Cond.D) | $10-2000 \mathrm{~Hz}, 20 \mathrm{~g}$ |
| Random vibration operating | $16.91 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{(rms)} 50-2000 \mathrm{~Hz} 3 \mathrm{~min} / \mathrm{axis}$ |
| Shock operating (MIL STD 202, Method 213B, Cond.G) | $50 \mathrm{~g} / 11 \mathrm{~ms}$, sawtooth |
| Humidity operating | 15 to $95 \%$ relative humidity |
| Humidity storage (MIL STD 202, Method 106E, Cond.E) | $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \%$ RH, 10 days |
| Altitude operating | 15.000 feet (4.600 meters) |
| Altitude storage (MIL STD 202, Method 105C, Cond.B) | 50.000 feet (15.240 meters) |

High performance SPDT up to 40 GHz
SMA - SMA 2.9
RF PERFORMANCES

| Part Number |  | R5953--1-- | R5954--1-- |  | R595F--1-- |  | R595F--1-- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency range | GHz | DC to 6 | DC to 20 |  | DC to 26.5 |  | DC to 40 |  |
| Impedance | $\Omega$ | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insertion Loss (Max) | dB | $0.20+(0.45 / 26.5) \times$ frequency (GHz) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Isolation (Min) | dB | 85 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DC} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{GHz} \\ \text { 6 to } 12.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 12.4 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{GHz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 75 \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DC} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{GHz} \\ \text { 6 to } 12.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 12.4 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 20 \text { to } 26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 75 \\ & 65 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | DC to 6 GHz <br> 6 to 12.4 GHz <br> 12.4 to 20 GHz <br> 20 to 26.5 GHz <br> 26.5 to 40 GHz | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 75 \\ & 65 \\ & 60 \\ & 55 \end{aligned}$ |
| V.S.W.R (Max) |  | 1.15 | DC to 6 GHz <br> 6 to 12.4 GHz <br> 12.4 to 18 GHz <br> 18 to 20 GHz | $\begin{aligned} & 1.15 \\ & 1.25 \\ & 1.30 \\ & 1.60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DC} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{GHz} \\ \text { 6 to } 12.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 12.4 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 18 \text { to } 26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.15 \\ & 1.25 \\ & 1.30 \\ & 1.60 \end{aligned}$ | DC to 6 GHz 6 to 12.4 GHz 12.4 to 18 GHz 18 to 26.5 GHz 26.5 to 40 GHz | $\begin{aligned} & 1.15 \\ & 1.25 \\ & 1.30 \\ & 1.60 \\ & 1.80 \end{aligned}$ |
| Repeatability (up to 10 million cycles mesuredat $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | dB | 0.03 dB maximun |  |  |  |  | 0.05 dB maximun |  |

## TYPICAL RF PERFORMANCES

Insertion Loss and Isolation


SMA
V.S.W.R.


SMA 2.9 -

High performance SPDT up to 40 GHz
SMA - SMA 2.9

## SWITCH MODEL: NON TERMINATED SPDT SWITCH

The non terminated SPDT switch is a single pole double throw switch. This switch is considered "break before make".
RF SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM


POSITION INDICATOR
State 11


## Standard drive option "1"

(Positive common):

- Connect pin +Vcc to supply (+20 Vdc to +32 Vdc)
- Select desired RF path by applying ground to the corresponding "close" pin (Ex: ground pin E1 to switch to position E1. RF path 1-2 closed and RF path 2-3 open)
- To open desired path and close the new RF path, connect ground to the corresponding "close" pin (Ex: ground pin E2 to open RF path 1-2 and close RF path 2-3)


D-Sub connector


Solder pins


State 22


## TTL drive option " 2 "

- Connect pin GND to ground
- Connect pin +Vcc to supply (+20 Vdc to +32 Vdc)
- Select (close) desired RF path by applying TTL "High" to the corresponding "drive" pin (Ex: apply TTL "High" to pin E1 to switch to position E1. RF path 1-2 closed and RF path 2-3 open)
- To open desired path and close the new RF path, apply TTL "High" to the "drive" pin which corresponds to the desired RF path (Ex: apply TTL "High" to pin E2)


D-Sub connector


Solder pins

High performance SPDT up to 40 GHz
SMA - SMA 2.9

## TYPICAL OUTLINE DRAWING

With D-Sub connector


All dimensions are in inches/millimeters

| Connectors | A max $(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| SMA | 7.4 |
| SMA 2.9 | 6.3 |

With solder pins


High performance SPDT up to 40 GHz
SMA - SMA 2.9

## RF POWER RATING CHART

This graph is based on the following conditions:

- Ambient temperature: $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Sea level
- V.S.W.R.: 1 and cold switching



## DERATING FACTOR VERSUS VSWR

The average power input must be reduced for load V.S.W.R. above 1:1


Optional Features for SPDT

## GENERAL



All miniature SPDT switches fitted with SMA, QMA, SMC, SMB or SMA2.9 connectors can be delivered with 34 mm narrow width RF body. Contact Radiall sales directly for availability.

Examples of dedicated application options:


SMA SPDT with a SINGLE input TTL driver. This option is available in a latching configuration upon special request. Key advantages include less wires and easier connection.


A SP4T design up to 8 GHz with SMT relays mounted on a PCB fitted with UMP (Ultra Miniature Pressure) contact. Various switching configurations can be designed according to your specific requests.


SPDT with HN coaxial connectors and MILC38999 circular connector for L band airbone applications.


A SMA SPDT with a specific RF body (with mounting leg) for easy mounting on front panel of switching matrix.


SPDT models available for high power military applications (up to 100 watts CW from DC to 18 GHz ).

